A COMPARISON OF MERISTIC CHARACTERS OF THE MALABAR SOLE CYNOGLOSSUS SEMIFASCIATUS DAY FROM DIFFERENT CENTRES OF THE WEST COAST OF INDIA

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ABSTRACT

Samples of Cynoglossus semifasciatus Day taken between January 1980 and January 1982 from different places of the west coast (Viz. Malpe, Mangalore, Cannanore, Calicut and Cochin) were statistically analysed for selected characters for inter-regional comparison of the populations. Meristic characters such as dorsal finrays, anal finrays, caudal finrays, cephalic scales of the lateral line, post-cephalic scales of the lateral line, and the transverse rows of scales between the lateral lines, were used in this comparative study. Both variance analysis and the "Student's" t-test have been used in the statistical analysis.

The study indicates some variability in the meristic characters among the different centres, the samples of Cochin perhaps belonging to a stock rather different from the other centres which (on the basis of these characters) seem to belong to a common stock though with variations from place to place.

Introduction

A COMPARATIVE study of the Malabar sole Cynoglossus semifasciatus Day, from different centres of the west coast was undertaken by the authors during 1980-82. These studies involved mainly selected morphometric and meristic characters and a few biological characters; the morphometric data are included in a separate paper (Chakrapani and Seshappa, 1982). Some other aspects of the study have been partly published (Seshappa and Chakrapani, 1983, 1984), but partly awaiting publication (Seshappa and Chakrapani, MS). The present paper records the results of comparison of the meristic characters.

Meristic characters counted in fishes for comparison of samples often include the vertebrae, various finrays as well as the various categories of scales and scutes that are gener-

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ally used in taxonomy. Among the more recent papers using such meristic counts for comparative studies may be mentioned those of Jayaram (1960, 1962) on Rita chrysea and Ailichthys punctata, of Ramakrishnaiah (1972) on Hilsa ilisha, of Babu Rao and Joglekar (1967) on Setipinna godavariensis, of Venkatasubba Rao (1977) on the lizard fishes, and of Dutt and Seshagiri Rao (1981) on the clupeoid Escualosa thoracata. The main earlier papers on morphometric and meristic studies in different fishes will be found mentioned in the above papers and also partly in the other papers of the present authors mentioned earlier. In the case of the Malabar sole, Seshappa (1970) has made an interspecific comparison of selected morphometric characters, while Seshappa (1976) has made a comparative study of this species with a few others from Cannanore, but without any statistical computations in the latter case.

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TABLE 1. Details of samples of C. semifasciatus examined for their meristic characters for comparison

Place	Date	Total number examined	Mean total length (cm)	
Mangalore	23-2-1980	44-47	11.89	
-do-	14-3-1980	56 -66	12.01	
Malpe	15-3-1980	44-49	12.02	
Mangalore	28-3-1980	48–51	10,92	
Calicut	23-4-1980	16–36	11.86	
-do-	30-4-1980	38-49	11.43	
-do-	25-5-1980	4048	11.38	
Cannanore	28-5-1980	31-47	11.82	
Calicut	10-5-1980	42-49	11.55	
Cannanore	851980	23-41	11.69	
Mangalore	5-5-1980	49-54	11.37	
-do-	22-5-1980	46-51	12.27	
-do-	15-5-1980	46-51	10.51	
Cannanore	6-10-1980	33–35	12.35	
Calicut	23-10-1980	53-55	11.58	
-do-	21-10-1980	47–54	13.96	
-do-	30-10-1980	4 9 –51	11.07	
do	31-10-1980	47-51	13.72	
-do	28-11-1980	48-50	8.45	
-do-	1-12-1980	49-52	11.34	
-do-	13-12-1980 (i)	51-54	11.94	
do	13-12-1980 (ii)	51-55	8,43	
Cannanore	14-12-1980	50-51	10.81	
-do-	28-12-1980	48-52	11.57	
Calicut	29-12-1980	47–52	10.22	
-do-	15-1-1981	38–53	12.12	
-do-	28-1-1981	3950	11.57	
Cochin	8-1-1982	61–64	12.00	
-do-	13-1-1982	66-68	11.33	

TABLE 2. Sample-wise mean values of various meristic counts in C. semifasciatus from different centres during February 1980 to January 1982

Place	Dorsal finrays	Ana! finrays	Caudal finrays	L. 1. scales (cephalic)	L. 1. scales (postcephalic)	Scales between L. 1s.
Mangalore	101.65	79.57	10.04	11.19	86.96	14.49
-do-	103.32	79.93	10.00	11.02	89.27	14.58
Malpe	102.85	79.89	10.05	11.02	90.17	14.63
Mangalore	102,55	79.67	9.98	11.04	90.29	14.68
Calicut	100.78	79.31	10.10	10.81	91.50	14.96
-do	104.79	79.95	9,95	10.86	90.69	15.24
do	104.68	79.51	9.90	11.00	91.83	15.12
Cannanore	105.13	79.73	10.24	10.97	92.55	14.93
Calicut	104.98	79.63	10.02	10.95	92.71	15.18
Cannanore	105.14	79.90	9.92	11.00	93.17	14.93
Mangalore	105.04	80.22	9.86	10.91	90.70	15.11
do	105.02	80.63	9.91	10.98	90,88	15.00
-do	104.73	80.39	9.98	11.02	89.42	15.00
cannanore	104.24	79.71	9.91	11.09	90.91	14.86
Calicut	104.56	79.47	9.91	11.00	87.35	14.74
-do-	104.96	79.94	9.94	11.01	89.39	15.19
do	104.86	80.08	10.02	10.98	87.65	14.47
-do-	104.51	79.70	9.96	11.18	89.36	15.02
-do-	104.40	80.35	9.92	10.94	90.46	15.35
-do-	104.78	80.12	9.96	10,86	87.99	14.65
~do-	104.27	79.67	10.04	11.00	88.39	14.89
do	105.11	80.20	9.96	11.00	90.65	15.35
Cannanore	104.76	80.24	9,94	10.92	89.92	14.90
-do-	104.59	80.06	9,92	10.92	92.10	14.88
Calicut	105.76	81.33	9.96	11.00	90.02	15.29
-do-	104.56	79.96	9.9 8	10.96	88.16	14.75
-do	104.28	78.98	9.95	10.86	90.13	14.64
Cochin,	105.49	80.25	9.97	10.98	91.91	15.17
-do- Overall Mean values	106.01 104.40	80.75	10.01	10.87	92.33 90.24	15.2 5
Standard Deviations	1.155	79.97 0.463	9,98 0.074	10.98 0.086	1.672	14.94 0,258
Standard Errors	0.2146	0,0860				
Coefficient of variation	1.1067	0,5791	0.0138	0.0160 0.7834	0.3105 1.8530	0.0480 1.7290

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total length of the fish in each sample are detailed in Table 1. It was not possible to take the samples either simultaneously at all the centres or in the same numbers at all the centres, because of practical difficulties. 29 samples were taken and analysed in all in the work.

The meristic characters counted were: (1) dorsal finrays, (2) anal finrays, (3) caudal finrays, (4) cephalic lateral line scales, (5) post-cephalic lateral line scales and (6) the numbers

TABLE 3. Frequency distribution of dorsal finrays in C. semifasciatus (pooled data) from different centres of the west coast (Figures in brackets indicate percentages)

			Numbers of dorsal finrays						Total	Mean	
Centres	94-5	967	98-9	100-1	102-3	104–5	106-7	108-9	110-11	fish	rays
Cochin	0	0	0	0	9 (3.20)	37 (29.60)	64 (51.20)	20 (16.00)	0	125	106.10
Calicut	1 (0.14)	7 (0.95)	11 (1.49)	10 (1.36)	81 (11.01)	371 (50.41)	215 (29.21)	39 (5.30)	1 (0.14)	736	104.85
Саппалоге	0	0	2 (0.86)	6 (2.59)	22 (9.48)	115 (49.57)	72 (31.03)	15 (6.47)	0	232	105,03
Mangalore	0	1 (0.32)	12 (3.80)	32 (10.13)	64 (20.25)	145 (45.89)	50 (15.82)	12 (3.80)	0	316	103.91
Malpe	0	0	1 (2.04)	9 (18.37)	15 (30.24)	22 (44.90)	2 (4.08)	0	0	49	103.11

vation and transport of the fish samples from the west coast.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Samples of the Malabar sole were collected at the various centres, preserved and despatched rolled in formalin-soaked cotton to Bangalore where they were stored and studied. The dates of sampling at the different centres along with the numbers of the fish used for each character from the samples and the average of scales in the transverse rows between the lateral lines. The counts were all taken in the usual way. Comparisons of the mean values between pairs of centres were made by means of the "Student's" t-test (Snedecor and Cochran, 1967; Bailey, 1959; Simpson and Roe, 1939).

RESULTS

Table 2 shows the sample mean values of all the six meristic characters chosen for the

BLE 4. Frequency distribution of anal finrays in C. semifasciatus (pooled data) from different centres of the west coast (Figures in brackets indicate percentages)

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Centres	74	7.5	76	Numbers of finrays	finrays 78	62	8	18	82	83	8	85	Total fish	Mean rays
Cochin	0	0	3 (2.29)	5 (3.82)	9 (6.87)	12 (9.16)	35 (26.72)	30 (22.90)	22 (16.79)	12 (9.16)	(1.30)	1 (0.76)	131	80.50
Calicut	2 (0.28)	(0.28)	14 (1.95)	32 (4.46)	110 (15.32)	131 (18.25)	157 (21.87)	135 (18.89)	104 (14.48)	19 (2.65)	10 (1.39)	(0.28)	718	79.90
Cannanore	o	1 (0.44)	± (4.0)	13 (5.75)	25 (11.06)	50 (22.12)	57 (25.22)	33 (14.60)	42 (18.58)	4 (1.77)	0	0	226	79.92
Mangalore	Q	(0.33)	2 (0.65)	12 (3.91)	18 (5.86)	63 (20.52)	101 (32.90)	61 (19.87)	42 (13.68)	6 (1.95)	(0.33)	0	307	80.06
Malpe	• .	0	0	1 (2,08)	6 (12.50)	11 (22.92)	10 (20.82)	18 (37.50)	2 (4.17)	0	0	0	84	79.92

study. Tables 3 to 6 show the frequency distribution of the dorsal finrays, anal finrays, postcephalic lateral line scales and the transverse rows of scales between the lateral lines respectively for the different centres from the pooled data of the entire period. Table 7 shows the results of variance analysis made with the pooled data of all the centres for the characters (excluding Cochin and the cephalic lateral line scales, while Table 8 shows results of t-test comparisons.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

The analysis of variance for five meristic criteria among the different centres north of Cochin showed highly significant results in the case of (1) dorsal finrays (F=26.65 and P <0.01), (2) post-cephalic lateral line scales (F = 6.35 and P < 0.01) and (3) the transverserows of scales between the lateral lines (F = 17.74and P < 0.01); the anal and caudal finrays showed only non-significant differences (F = 0.38 and 0.91 respectively and P> 0.05 in both Between the premonsoon and postmonsoon seasons in the pooled data, the dorsal finrays, anal finrays and the postcephalic lateral line scales again showed highly significant differences (F= 7.17, 9.93 and 79.95 respectively with P < 0.01 in all cases); the caudal finray counts had significant differences at the 5% level of P, while the differences in the transverse rows of scales between the lateral lines were non-significant.

The results of the t-test comparisons shown in Table 8 have the following features: (1) The caudal finrays and cephalic scales of the lateral line show non-significant results in all comparisons except between Mangalore and Malpe in former case, and Cochin and Mangalore in latter case; (2) the dorsal finrays show highly significant differences (8 out of 10) in all comparisons except between Calicut and Cannanore (P> 0.05) and between Mangalore and Malpe (P < 0.005); (3) post-cephalic lateral line scales show highly significant differences in

six out of ten comparisons, the results being non-significant between Calicut and Mangalore, Calicut and Malpe, Cannanore and Malpe, and Mangalore and Malpe; (4) the anal finrays show differences significant at the 5% level of P in all comparisons between Cochin and the other centres, while among the remain-

cephalic lateral line scales (all SS), numbers of scales between lateral lines (3 SS and one S), and the anal finrays (all differences being significant at the 5% level of P). While the caudal finrays and the cephalic lateral line scales have non-significant differences in all comparisons generally, the anal finrays show a 5% signifi-

Table 5. Frequency distribution of post-cephalic lateral line scales in C. semifasciatus from different centres of the west coast (Figures in brackets indicate percentages)

Centres	Cochin	Calicut	Саплапоге	Mangalore	Malpe
Numbers of scales	0.	6	2	0	0
7 9 –80	U.	(0.86)	(1.11)	V	U
81-82	0	9 (1.29)	0	3 (0.99)	1 (2.04)
83-84	1 (0.76)	33 (4.74)	0	(3.96)	0
85-86	0	101 (14.51)	13 (7.22)	34 (11.22)	(6.12)
87-88	13 (9.85)	86 (12,36)	22 (12.22)	59 (19,47)	7 (14.29)
89-90	12 (9.09)	130 (18.68)	39 (21.67)	64 (21.12)	16 (32.65)
91–92	20 (15.15)	140 (20.11)	37 (20.56)	68 (22.44)	17 (34.69)
93–94	46 (34.85)	130 (18.68)	53 (29.44)	47 (15.51)	(8.16)
95 -9 6	28 (21.21)	46 (6.61)	12 (6.67)	12 (3.96)	(2.04)
9798	10 (7.58)	11 (1.58)	1 (0.56)	(0.66)	0
99–100	2 (1.52)	4 (0.57)	1 (0.56)	1 (0.33)	
101–102	0	0	0	(0.33)	
Total fish	132	696	180	303	49
Mean number of scales	92.98	89.93	90.94	89.78	89.95

ing four centres all the paired comparisons show only non-significant differences.

In general, the Cochin samples seem to differ quite considerably from all the other centres in the case of the dorsal finrays (all SS), postcance in the comparisons with Cochin and non-significant values in all other comparisons. The counts of the postcephalic lateral line scales and of the dorsal finrays are notably on the higher side in the Cochin samples.

The study thus indicates a high range of variability in the meristic characters of the species at the different centres, the samples of Cochin indicating their probable origin from a stock

quite different from the other centres (which seem to have a common stock though with marked variations within the stock).

TABLE 6. Frequency of scales in the transverse rows between the lateral lines in C. semifasciatus from different centres of the west coast (pooled data) (Figures in brackets indicate percentages)

Centres		Numbers of	Total	Mean of			
	13	14	15	16	17	fish	transverse row scales
Cochin	0	18 (13.64)	70 (53.03)	42 (31.82)	(1.52)	132	15.21
Calicut	24 (3.13)	159 (20.76)	394 (51.44)	173 (22.58)	16 (2.09)	766	15.00
Cannanore	4 (1.83)	48 (21.92)	134 (61.19)	32 (14.61)	(0.46)	219	14.90
Mangalore	4 (1.29)	89 (28.62)	179 (57,56)	37 (11.90)	(0,64)	311	14.82
Malpe	1 (2.08)	19 (39.58)	25 (52.08)	3 (6.25)	0	48	14.63

TABLE 7. Results of variance analysis of five categories of meristic counts from pooled data on C. semifasciatus of different centres together (Cochin excluded)

Characters compared	Betwee F-value	n Centres Significance	Betwee F-value	n seasons Significance
Compared	r-value	Signili Rance	L-ASIDE	Significance
Dorsal finrays	26.65	Highly significant	7,17	Highly significant
Anal finrays	0.38	Not significant	9.53	Highly significant
Caudal finrays	0.91	Not significant	6.09	Significant at the 5% leve of P
Post-cephalic lateral line scales	6.35	Highly significant	79.95	Highly significant
Scales (transverse rows) between lateral lines.	17.74	Highly significant	3.26	Not significant

TABLE 8. Results of paired t-test comparisons of meristic counts in C. semifasciatus among different centres of west coast (pooled data)

Centres		Dorsal finrays	Anal finrays	Caudal finrays	Cephalic L-1. scales	Post-cepha- lic L.1. scales	Scales between L. lines	Total N. S. result
Cochin &	t:	6.4460	3.2441	0.6185	0.6197	8.0017	2,9108	2
Calicut	P: R:	< 0.001 SS	<0.005 S	>0.50 NS	>0.50 NS	<0.001 SS	>0.05 S	
Cochin &	t:	5,3730	3,1939	0.1797	1.1259	4,7991	4.1789	2
Cannanore	P: R:	<0.001 SS	<0.005 \$	>0.50 NS	>0.02 NS	<0.001 SS	<0.001 SS	-
Cochin &	t;	10.0805	2.7911	1.1451	2.8856	9.2166	5.7106	1
Mangalore	P: R:	<0.001 SS	<0.010 S	>0.40 NS	>0.005 S	<0.001 SS	<0,005 SS	
Cochin &	t:	11.4868	2.2221	0.9158	1.8075	5.3378	5.1545	2
Malpe	P: R:	<0.001 SS	<0.010 S	>0.40 NS	>0.05 NS	<0.001 SS	< 0.001 SS	
Calicut &	t:	1.5091	0.1843	0.5394	0.0953	3.6037	3,5052	4
Cannanore	P: R:	>0.05 NS	>0.50 NS	>0.50 NS	>0.50 NS	<0.001 SS	< 0.001 SS	
Calicut &	t:	6.0580	1.6901	0.0006	1.2795	0.8689	6.1701	
Mangalore	P: R:	<0.001 SS	>0.05 NS	>0.50 NS	>0.05 NS	>0.05 NS	<0.001 SS	4
Calicut &	t:	5.8731	0.3037	1.3759	0.5589	1.0594	5.3056	4
Malpe	P: R:	< 0.001 \$\$	>0.50 NS	>0.05 NS	>0.05 NS	>0.05 NS	<0,001 SS	
Cannanore &	t:	6.2997	0.9371	0.8603	1.8142	4.4983	1.5117	4
Mangalore	P: R:	< 0.001 SS	>0.20 NS	>0.20 NS	>0.05 NS	<0.001 SS	>0.05 NS	
Cannanore &	t:	6.7877	0.2286	0.8703	1.0467	1.6476	2.4736	4
Malpe	P: R:	<0.001 SS	>0.50 NS	>0.20 NS	>0.20 NS	>0.05 NS	<0.05 S	
Mangalore &	t:	2.7573	0.7997	3.0488	0.0375	1.0950	1.7780	4
Malpe	P: R:	<0.005 S	>0.10 NS	<0.005 S	>0.50 NS	>0.50 NS	>0.05 NS	
Total non- significant res	nite	1	6	9	9	4	2	

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